

Effective from Session: 2020-21											
Course Code	CS-301	Title of the Course	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	L	Т	Р	С				
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4				
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None								
Course Objectives											

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Would be able to analyze the problem and design an efficient algorithm to solve it by using & modifying classical design techniques or
	creating a new solution technique.
CO2	For an algorithm given all the required parameters, would be able to analyze the algorithm and evaluate its utility in the given situation, able to
	apply the approach where problem can be solved by smaller input then apply for larger perspective
CO3	Given more than one solution for the problem, would be able to evaluate and compare those using standard mathematical techniques and select
	the best solution.
CO4	For a design problem given, would be able to compare and evaluate different Data Structures available and modify or create new them for the
	same.
CO5	For given different problems, would be able to categorize the different kind of complexities and develop non deterministic solution to
	problems having large complexities.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction:	Introduction: Algorithms, Analysis of Algorithms, Growth of Functions: Asymptotic Notations, Standard Notations and Common Functions; Recurrence Methods: Substitution Method, Iteration Method, Recursion Tree Method, Master's Method.	8	1
2	Designing of Algorithms and Advanced Data Structure	Divide & Conquer: Heap Sort, Quick Sort, Sorting in Linear Time, Medians and Order Statistics. Red-Black Trees, Augmenting Data Structure, Binomial Heaps, Fibonacci Heaps.	8	2
3	Advanced Design and Analysis Techniques	Greedy Algorithms: Knapsack Problem, Travelling Salesperson Problem, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees: Kruskal's Algorithm, Prim's Algorithm. Dynamic Programming: Longest Common Subsequence, Matrix Chain Multiplication, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Single Source Shortest Path: Dijkstra's Algorithm, Bellman Ford Algorithm.	8	3
4	Amortized Analysis, Back Tracking: and Branch & Bound	Accounting Method, Aggregate Method, Potential Method, Introduction, Subset Sum Problem, n-Queens problem and Introduction, 0/1 Knapsack, 15 Puzzle problem.	8	4
5	String Matching and Complexity Theory	Algorithm, The Rabin-Karp Algorithm, The Knuth-MorrisPratt Algorithm. Class P and NP, NP-hard Problems, NP-Complete Problems, Polynomial Reduction, Approximation Algorithm	8	5
Referen	ce Books:			
1. Corer	nen, Rivest, Lisserson, '	'Algorithms", PHI.		
2. Horw	itz & Sahani, Fundamer	tal of Computer Algorithm, Galgotia.		
3. Micha	ael T. Goodrich and Rob	perto Tamassia, Algorithm Design: Foundation, Analysis and Internet Examples, John Wiley Pub	olications.	
e-Lear	rning Source:			
1	https://onlinecourses.r	notel ac in/noc19_cs47/preview		

2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106131

					Cours	e Artic	ulation	Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of COs	with POs	and PSOs	)		
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
<u> </u>	1	3	3	1	3		3	1	1			1	1	3	
COI	1	5	5	1	5		5	1	1			1	1	5	
CO2	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	2	1			2	2	2	1
CO3	1	1	1	2	3	1		2	2			1		3	1
CO4	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	3		1		2	1	1
CO5	1	2	1	3	1		1		2	3	1	1	1	2	3
			1. ]	Low Co	rrelatio	n. 2. M	[oderat	e Corre	lation · 3.	Substant	al Correls	tion			

ate Correlation; 3- Substant ial Cor



Effective from Session: 2020	)-21									
Course Code	CS-303	Title of the Course	Principles of Operating System	L	Т	Р	С			
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	None	Ione Co-requisite None								
Course Objectives	To introduce To critique segmentation To introduce To provide th To gain insig mechanisms t	students with basic cond how memory manager , paged segmentation et the concepts of Processe e knowledge of basic co ght on file managemen aken by operating syste	cepts of Operating System, its functions and services. ment is implemented by the operating system, includi c. es in Operating System and various algorithms to schedule to oncepts towards process synchronization, deadlock and relat t, disk management etc and to become familiar with the m.	ng co hese p red issu prote	ncepts rocesse les. ction a	of pag s. nd secu	ing, rity			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	The basic concepts of Operating System, its functions and services.
CO2	Design and effective memory management scheme for the operating system where there is less wastage and the response time is quick.
CO3	The basic concepts of Processes in Operating System and the application of various CPU scheduling algorithms.
CO4	Analyse the basic concepts of process synchronization, deadlock and related issues.
CO5	The basic components of file management, disk management etc and will become familiar with the protection and security mechanisms taken
	by operating system.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Desktop OS and Mobile OS	Importance of Operating Systems; Basic Concepts and Terminology; Evolution of Operating Systems: Batch, Interactive, Time Sharing & Real Time Systems. Operating System Structure: Simple Structure, Layered Approach; System Calls; Kernels: overview, objectives of kernel, types of kernels. Architecture, Android OS, iOS, Virtual OS, Cloud OS and their design.	8	1
2	Process, Threads, CPU Scheduling and Real Time Scheduling	Introduction, Process Model, Process State, Process Control Block. Overview, benefits of threads, types of threads. Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, And Types of Scheduling, Scheduling Algorithms: FCFS, SJF, Round Robin, Priority Scheduling, Multilevel Queue Scheduling, Multilevel, Feedback Scheduling. Introduction, Uniprocessor scheduling, Multiprocessor Scheduling.	8	2
3	Process Synchronization and Deadlock	Principles of Concurrency, Race Condition, Critical Section, Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Mechanism, Semaphores and Classical Problems of Synchronization: Bounded Buffer Problem, Readers Writers Problem. Principles, System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods of Deadlock Handling: Prevention, Avoidance, Detection & Recovery from Deadlock	8	3
4	Memory Management and Virtual Memory Management	Introduction, logical vs. physical address space, swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, segmentation, segmentation with paging. Introduction, demand paging, performance, page replacement, page replacement algorithms (FCFS, LRU, Optimal), allocation of frames, thrashing. Other Memory Management Schemes: Swapping, Overlays.	8	4
5	Device Management, Disk Scheduling and Protection & Security	Introduction, types of devices, FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, CSCAN, LOOK, C-LOOK Scheduling File Systems: file concept, Access Mechanism, directory structure, file system structure, allocation methods (Contiguous, linked, indexed), free-space management (bit vector, linked list, grouping), Directory implementation (linear list, hash table), efficiency & performance.	8	5
Referen	ce Books:			
1.	Galvin, Silberchatz "C	Operating Systems Principles", Addision Wesley.		
2.	Milenekovie, "Operati	ing System Concept", McGraw Hill.		
3.	Dietal, "An Introducti	on to Operating System", Addion Wesley.		
4.	Tannenbaum, "Operat	ing System Design And Implementation", PHI.		
5.	Galvin, Silberchatz "C	Derating Systems Principles", Addision Wesley.		
e-Lear	ning Source:			
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/cour	rses/106105214		

					Course	e Articu	lation I	Matrix:	(Mappin	ng of COs	with POs	and PSOs	)		
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
0															
CO1	3	1	1	3	2	3				1		3			
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1		1				2			
CO3	3	2	1	1	2	2	3		2			3			
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	3				1		2			
CO5	3	1	1	1	1	2	1					2			



Effective from Session: 2020	-21						
Course Code	CS-304	Title of the Course	Theory of Automata & Formal Languages	L	Т	Р	С
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives	The primary of include the ap background in	bjective of this course i pplication of mathematic reasoning about finite	s to introduce students to the foundations of computability t al techniques and logical reasoning to important problems, state automata and formal languages.	heory. and to	Other of develop	objectiv p a stror	es 1g

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To demonstrate computational mathematical models for problem solving and describe how they relate to formal languages.
CO2	To analyse the relationship among language classes and grammars with the help of Chomsky Hierarchy.
CO3	To apply rigorous formal mathematical model for proving different properties of grammars, languages and automata.
CO4	To apply mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles and computer science theory to the modelling and design of computer based
	systems in a way that demonstrates.
CO5	Have an overview of how the theoretical study in this course is applicable to and engineering application like designing the compilers.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Finite State Machines	Finite state machine, definitions, Finite automaton model, acceptance of strings and languages Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA), Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA), NFA with epsilon transition, Language of NFA, Equivalence of NFA and DFA, Minimization of Finite Automata, FA with output: Moore and Mealy machine, Equivalence of Moore and Mealy Machine, Applications and Limitation of FA.	8	1
2	Regular Languages	Chomsky Hierarchy, Regular Grammars, Unrestricted Grammars, Context Sensitive Language, Regular expression (RE); Definition, Operators of regular expression and their precedence, Algebraic laws for Regular expressions, Kleen's Theorem, Regular expression to FA, DFA to Regular expression, Arden Theorem, Non-Regular Languages, Pumping Lemma for regular Languages. Application of Pumping Lemma, Closure properties of Regular Languages, Decision properties of Regular Languages	8	2
3	Context Free Grammar	Context free grammar (CFG) and Context Free Languages (CFL): Definition, Examples, Derivation, Derivation trees, Ambiguity in Grammar, Ambiguous to Unambiguous CFG, Useless symbols, Simplification of CFGs, Normal forms for CFGs: CNF and GNF, Closure properties of CFLs, Decision Properties of CFLs: Emptiness, Finiteness and Membership, Pumping lemma for CFLs.	8	3
4	Push Down Automata	Push Down Automata (PDA): Description and definition, Instantaneous Description, Language of PDA, Acceptance by Final state, Acceptance by empty stack, Deterministic PDA, Equivalence of PDA and CFG, CFG to PDA and PDA to CFG, Two stacks PDA, Non-Deterministic Push Down Automata.	8	4
5	Turing Machines	Turing machines (TM): Basic model, definition and representation, Instantaneous Description, Language acceptance by TM, Variants of Turing Machine, TM as Computer of Integer functions, Universal TM, Church's Thesis, Recursive and recursively enumerable languages, Halting problem, Introduction to Undecidability, Undecidable problems about TMs. Post correspondence problem (PCP), Modified PCP, Introduction to recursive function theory	8	5
Referen	ce Books:			
1.	Hopcroft and Ullman,	"Introduction to Automata Theory Languages and Computation", Addison Wesley.		
2.	Mishra & Chandrasek	har, "Theory of Computer Sciences", PHI.		
3.	Peter Linz, "An Intro requisite – None	oduction to Formal Languages and Automata", Jones & Bartlett Learning. Recommended P	rerequisite -	- CS206Co-
e-Lear	ning Source:			

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105196

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO															
CO1	2	2	2	2		1		1		1		2	1		3
CO2	3	2	3	2	2	1						2		3	
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2			2			2	2		3
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2	2	3	3	1	2		1	1	2	2		
CO5	3	2	1	1		2				2		2		1	2



Effective from Session: 2020	)-21						
Course Code	CS-340	Title of the Course	Software Engineering	L	Т	Р	С
Year	III Semester		V	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Explain to deve</li> <li>Assess world s</li> <li>To und docume</li> <li>To deve</li> <li>Study of</li> </ol>	a the basic understandin lop software. the applicability, streng oftware solutions. lerstand various process entation for software dev elop effort estimation ar of CASE tools, Quality of	g of software, its characteristics, and importance of following ths, and weaknesses of the different development life cyclusses of each phase of SDLC and make the students cap welopment. Ind risk management skills for developing software. Assurance activities etc. for focusing on quality issues of software	ng eng e mod pable n tware.	ineering els to p to prep	g princip provide are qua	ples real ality

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Identify the best suitable SDLC model for a given set of user requirements.							
CO2	Estimate the total effort, to assess and manage the potential risks involved while developing the software.							
CO3	Create a good quality SRS and design a highly cohesive and low coupled software.							
CO4	Follow the standard coding guidelines and practices and prepare best possible test cases to uncover errors.							
CO5	Work on modern CASE tools and follow the international quality standards to produce good quality software.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Software Engineering	Types of Software, Software Characteristics, Quality of a Good Software, Software Myths, Software Components, Software Crisis, Software Engineering: Definition, Challenges, Software Engineering Processes, Similarity and Differences from Conventional Engineering Processes. Software Development Life Cycle Models: Build and Fix Models, Waterfall Model, Prototyping Model, RAD Model Iterative Enhancement Model, Evolutionary Development Model and Spiral Model, WINWIN Spiral Model, Fourth Generation Techniques.	8	1
2	Planning a Software	Process Planning, Effort Estimation: Uncertainties in Effort Estimation, Building Effort Estimation Models, A Bottom-Up Estimation Approach, COCOMO Model, Project Scheduling & Staffing: Overall Scheduling, Detailed Scheduling, Team Structure, Software Configuration Management(SCM): - Baselines, Version Control, Change Control & Configuration Audit, Risk Management: Reactive and Proactive Risk Strategies, Software Risks, Risk Analysis, Identification, Projection, Assessment, Monitoring and Managing the Risk, RMMM Plan.	8	2
3	Software Requirements Analysis and Specification	<ul> <li>Software Requirements: Need for SRS, Requirement Process, Problem Analysis: Informal &amp; formal Approaches, Data Flow Modeling, Object Oriented Modeling, Prototyping, Requirements Specifications: Characteristics of an SRS, Components of SRS, Specification Language, Structure of Requirement Document: IEEE Standards for SRS, Validation, Metrics.</li> <li>Designing and Coding: Designing: Function Oriented Design: Design Principles: Problem Partitioning and Hierarchy, Abstraction, Modularity, Top Down and Bottom-Up Strategies, Module Level Concepts: Coupling, Cohesion; Structure Design Methodology, Verification, Introduction to Object Oriented Design &amp; User Interface Design, Software Measurement Metrics: Various Size Oriented Measures- Halestead's Software Science, Function Point (FP) Based Measures, Cyclomatic Complexity Measures: Control Flow Graphs.</li> </ul>	8	3
4	Coding & Testing	<ul> <li>Coding: Programming Principles and Guidelines: Common Coding Errors, Structured</li> <li>Programming, Information Hiding, Programming Practices, Coding Standards, Coding</li> <li>Process, Refactoring, Verification: Code Inspection, Static Analysis, Proving Correctness,</li> <li>Combining Different Techniques, Metrics.</li> <li>Testing:</li> <li>Testing Fundamentals: Error Fault and Failure, Test Oracles, Test Cases and Test Criteria,</li> <li>Test Case Execution and Analysis, Unit Testing, Integration Testing: Top Down and Bottom</li> <li>up, Acceptance Testing: Alpha and Beta Testing., Regression Testing, functional and non-functional testing. Testing Techniques: White Box: Logic Coverage, Path Coverage, Loop</li> <li>Coverage, Data Flow Testing. Black Box Testing: Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence</li> <li>Class Testing, state Table Based Testing, Decision Table Based Testing.</li> </ul>	8	4
5	Computer Aided Software Engineering (CASE)	CASE Tools, Scope, Benefits of CASE Tool, support in Software Life Cycle, Architecture of CASE Environment, Types of CASE Tools, Software Reliability and Quality Management: -Software Quality Management: Quality Concepts, Software Quality Assurance, Software Reviews, Formal Technical Reviews, and Statistical Quality Assurance. Software Reliability, ISO 9000 Quality Standards, CMM Levels.	8	5
Referen	ce Books:			
1. Softw	are Engineering: A Prac	ctitioner's Approach by Roger S. Pressman, McGraw-Hill International edition.		
2. An In	tegrated Approach to So	ottware Engineering, by Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House.		

3. Software Engineering by K.K. Agarwal.	
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4. Software Engineering by Ian Sommerville, Addison-Wesley.

5. Fundamentals of Software Engineering by Rajib Mall, PHI.

### e-Learning Source:

1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs68/preview</u>

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)															
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO																
CO1	2	3	2	2		1	1	2	2	3	2	1	3			
CO2	3	3	2	2	1		1		2	1	3	1		2	1	
CO3	3	3	3	2					3	3		2		3		
CO4	3	2	2	2	1	3		2	3	3		2	2	1		
CO5	3	1	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2			1	1
CO3 CO4 CO5	3 3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 3\\ 2\\ 1 \end{array}$	2 3 2 3	2 2 2 2	1 1 3	3 2	1	2 2	2 3 3 2	$\frac{3}{3}$	2	2 2 2	2	3 1	1	1



Effective from Session: 2020-21									
Course Code	ourse Code CS-342		DATA COMPRESSION	L	Т	Р	С		
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>Bas</li> <li>Typ</li> <li>Van</li> <li>App</li> </ul>	ic knowledge of Data co bes of data compression ious techniques of Data plication of data compre	compression compression ssion						

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Understand the importance of compressions, and different compression models							
CO2	Solve the various problems based on lossless compression approach such as Huffman, adaptive Huffman models							
CO3	Solve problems using arithmetic and dictionary-based compression techniques.							
CO4	Apply partial prediction matching, and learn to transformation of source based on Transform algorithms							
CO5	Represent the various dynamic model in the form of structured vector representation							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction:	Compression Techniques: Loss Less Compression, Lossy Compression, Measures of Performance, Modeling and Coding. Mathematical Preliminaries for Lossless Compression: A Brief Introduction to Information Theory: - Models: Physical Models, Probability Models, Markov Models, Composite Source Model, Coding: -Uniquely Decodable Codes, Prefix Codes	8	1
2	Huffman Coding	The Huffman Coding Algorithm: Minimum Variance Huffman Codes, Adaptive Huffman Coding: Update procedure, Encoding procedure, decoding procedure. Golomb Codes, Rice Codes, Tunstall codes. Application of Huffman Coding. Text compression, Audio Compression.	8	2
3	Arithmetic Coding	Coding a Sequence, Generating a Binary Code, Comparison of Binary and Huffman Coding, Applications: Bi-Level Image Compression-JBIG and JBIG2 Standards. Dictionary Techniques: Introduction, Static Dictionary: - Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary: The LZ77 Approach, The LZ78 Approach Applications. Image Compression: The Graphics Interchange Format (GIF), Compression over Modem.	8	3
4	Prediction with Partial Match	The Basic Algorithm, The ESCAPE SYMBOL, Length of Context, The Exclusion Principle, The Burrows-Wheeler Transform, Move-to- Front Coding, CALIC, JPEG-LS, Multi- resolution Approaches, Facsimile Encoding, Dynamic Markov Compression.	8	4
5	Quantization	Introduction of Scalar and Vector Quantization, Advantages of Vector Quantization Over Scalar Quantization, The Linde-Buzo-Gray Algorithm, Tree Structured Vector Quantizes, Structured Vector Quantizes.	8	5
Refere	ence Books:			
1. Intro	oduction to Data Compr	ession, Second Edition, Khalid Sayood, The Morgan Kaufmann Series		
2. Data	a Compression: The Con	nplete Reference 4th Edition by David Salomon, Springer		
3. Tex	t Compression1st Edition	n by Timothy C. Bell Prentice Hall		
4 171		ing Decedels Conserve Learning		

4. Elements of Data Compression, Drozdek, Cengage Learning

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	2	2								3	2	2
CO2	2	2	2	2	2								2	2	1
CO3	2	2	1	1	2								3	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1						3	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1					3	2	2
			11	ow Co	rrolatic		Indorat	o Corr	lation 3	Substant	ial Corrol	ation		-	



Effective from Session: 2020-21										
Course Code     CS-391     Title of the Course     Hadoop     L     T					Т	Р	С			
Year	III	Semester V				0	4			
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	e None							
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To provide</li> <li>Develop ar</li> <li>To introduc</li> <li>To teach the capability.</li> <li>To enable s</li> </ol>	an overview of an excit understanding of the co e the tools required to n e fundamental techniqu tudents to have skills th	ting field of big data analytics and Hadoop. omplete open-source Hadoop ecosystem and its near-term funanage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL MapRedu es and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalab at will help them to solve complex real-world problems in d	iture d ce ility ar ecision	irection nd strea n suppo	ming rt				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To provide an overview of an exciting field of big data analytics and Hadoop
CO2	Develop an understanding of the complete open-source Hadoop ecosystem and its near-term future direction.
CO3	To introduce the tools required to manage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL MapReduce
CO4	To teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
CO5	To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems in decision support.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO				
1	BIG DATA	Develop an understanding of the complete open-source Hadoop ecosystem and its near-term future directions, compare and evaluate the major Hadoop distributions and their ecosystem components both their strengths and their limitations, and hands-on experience with key components of various big data ecosystem components and roles in building a complete big data, Future of Big Data. Knowledge of data, How to use Big insight	9	1				
2	HADOOP	Why Hadoop? What is Hadoop? Hadoop vs RDBMS, Hadoop vs Big Data, Types of Data, Brief history of Hadoop, Problems with traditional large-scale systems, Requirements for a new approach, Anatomy of a Hadoop cluster.	8	2				
3	HDFS	Concepts & Architecture, Data Flow (File Read, File Write), Fault Tolerance, Shell Commands, Java Base API, Data Flow Archives, Coherency, Data Integrity, Role of Secondary Name Node, Zookeeper	8	3				
4	MAPREDUCE	Theory, Data Flow (Map – Shuffle - Reduce), Map Red vs MapReduce APIs, Programming Mapper, Reducer, Combiner, Partitioner, Implementation of Mahout, R, Sqoop, Yarn, what is flume Flume, the architecture of Flume, Flume Modes, the overall architecture of Ambari and Ambari' relation to other services and components of a Hadoop cluster, the functions of the main components of Ambari, initiating start and stop services from Ambari Web Console	8	4				
5	HIVE AND PIG	List the characteristics of representative data file formats including flat/text files CSV XML JSON and YAML, Architecture, Installation, Configuration, Hive vs RDBMS, Tables, DDL & DML, Partitioning & Bucketing, Hive Web Interface, Why Pig, Use case of Pig, Pig Components, Data Model, Pig Latin.	8	5				
Referen	ce Books:							
1.	Gelman, Andrew, and University Press, 2006	Jennifer Hill. Data Analysis Using Regression and Multilevel/Hierarchical Models. 1st ed. Cam 5. ISBN:9780521867061.	bridge, UK:	Cambridge				
2.	Gelman, Andrew, Joh 2003. ISBN:97815848	n B. Carlin, Hal S. Stern, and Donald B. Rubin. Bayesian Data Analysis. 2nd ed. New York, NY 883883	: Chapman &	& Hall,				
3.	Data Science and Big	Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data" by EMC Education S	ervices					
4.	Analytics: Data Scien	ce, Data Analysis and Predictive Analytics for Business" by Daniel Covington.						
5.	Machine Learning for	Big Data: Hands-On for Developers and Technical Professionals" by Jason Bell.						
e-Lear	e-Learning Source:							

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3		PO5	PO6	PO7	POS	POQ	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
СО	101	102	105	104	105	100	10/	100	10)	1010	1011	1012	1501	1502	1505
CO1		2				3	2					2			
CO2		2	3	2				1			2				
CO3	3	2	3	2	2				3		2				
CO4		2	3	3	3				2		3	3			
CO5	1	2	3	3	2		2		2		3	2			



Effective from Session: 2020-21											
Course Code         CS-392         Title of the Course         Data Science and Use (			Data Science and Use Cases	L	Т	Р	С				
Year	III Semester		V	3	1	0	4				
Pre-Requisite         None         Co-requisite         None											
Course Objectives	How Statistic Real-life exar In the labs: U To enable stu To enable stu	al Modeling relates to M nples of Machine learni se Python libraries for M dents to know real work dents about Recommend	Aachine Learning and do a comparison of each. ng and how it affects society in ways you may not have gue Aachine Learning, such as scikit-learn. d implementation on Popular algorithms: Regression, Classi der Systems: Content-Based and Collaborative Filtering	ssed!	on, and	Clusteri	ng				

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	To enable students how Statistical Modeling relates to Machine Learning and do a comparison of each.								
CO2	Real-life examples of Machine learning and how it affects society in ways you may not have guessed!								
CO3	In the labs: Use Python libraries for Machine Learning, such as scikit-learn.								
CO4	To enable students to know real world implementation on Popular algorithms: Regression, Classification, and Clustering								
CO5	To enable students about Recommender Systems: Content-Based and Collaborative Filtering								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO						
1	INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING	<ul> <li>Applications of Machine Learning</li> <li>Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning</li> <li>Python libraries suitable for Machine Learning</li> </ul>	9	1						
2	REGRESSION	<ul> <li>Linear Regression</li> <li>Non-linear Regression</li> <li>Model evaluation methods</li> </ul>	8	2						
3	CLASSIFICATIO N	<ul> <li>K-Nearest Neighbour</li> <li>Decision Trees</li> <li>Logistic Regression</li> <li>Support Vector Machines</li> <li>Model Evaluation</li> </ul>	8	3						
4	UNSUPERVISED LEARNING	<ul> <li>K-Means Clustering</li> <li>Hierarchical Clustering</li> <li>Density-Based Clustering</li> </ul>	8	4						
5	RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS	<ul> <li>Content-based recommender systems</li> <li>Collaborative Filtering</li> </ul>	8	5						
Referen	ce Books:									
1.	Machine Learning by	Tom M. Mitchell								
2.	Python Machine Learn	ning by Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili								
3.	Hands-On Machine Lo Géron	earning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Technique to Build Intelligen	t Systems by	Aurélien						
4.	Understanding Machin	ne Learning by Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David La								
5.	Machine Learning by	Tom M. Mitchell								
6.	F. Rosenblatt. The per	ceptron, a perceiving and recognizing automaton Project Para. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory,	, 1957.							
7.	http://arxiv.org/abs/17	02.08608								
8.	8. Zeiler, Matthew D., and Rob Fergus. "Visualizing and understanding convolutional networks." European conference on computer vision. Springer, Cham, 2014.									
e-Lear	ning Source:									

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)													
PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3		PO5	PO6	PO7	POS	POQ	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
СО	101	102	105	104	105	100	10/	100	10)	1010	1011	1012	1501	1502	1303
CO1		2	2	3		3						2			
CO2		2	3	2	2			1			2				
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	2			3		2				
CO4		2	3	3	3				2		3	3			
CO5		2	3	3	3		2		2		2	2			



Effective from Session: 2020-21											
Course Code	CS-302	Title of the Course	Designing and Analysis of Algorithm Lab	L	Т	Р	С				
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	2	1				
Pre-Requisite	None Co-requisite None										
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To learn t</li> <li>To be able</li> <li>To learn t</li> <li>To learn t</li> <li>Learning</li> </ul>	he basic concepts of div to develop logics whic he Dynamic approach to he uses of augmented da Backtracking and its im	ide and conquers with help of various examples. h help to find the optimal solution. o through various problems. ata structure and their implementation. plementation.								

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Able to understand the basic concepts of Divide and conquer their implementation.								
CO2	Able to understand and develop solution to optimization problem (Greedy algorithm)								
CO3	Able to analyze and develop dynamic solution and implementation.								
CO4	Develop understanding of Backtracking problems and their implementation.								
CO5	Understanding and develop the logic to implementation of different augmenting data structures (RB Tree).								

S. No.	List of Experiments	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO						
1	Implement Merge Sort.	2	1						
2	Implement Quick Sort (Divide & Conquer)	2	1						
3	Implement Heap Sort.	2	2						
4	Implement Knapsack problem (Greedy ALGO.)	2	2						
5	Implement of directed and undirected graph.	2	3						
6	Implement Shortest path by Dijkstra Algorithm.	2	3						
7	Implement 8- Queen problem (Back Tracking)	2	4						
8	Implement Minimal spanning tree by <ul> <li>Kruskal's Algorithm</li> <li>Prim's Algorithm</li> </ul>	2	4						
9	Implement Pattern Matching.	2	5						
10	Implement Binary Search Tree.	2	5						
11	Insert an element in Red Black Tree.	2	5						
Referen	ce Books:								
1. Coren	nen, Rivest, Lisserson, "Algorithms", PHI.								
2. Horw	itz & Sahani, Fundamental of Computer Algorithm, Galgotia.								
3. Micha	el T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design: Foundation, Analysis and Internet Examples, John Wiley Pub	lications.							
e-Learning Source:									

PO-PSO	DO1	DOD	DO2		DOS	DOC	DO7	DO	DOO	DO10	DO11	DO12	DCO1	DEO2	DSO2
CO	POI	PO2	F05	P04	POS	FOO	r0/	100	P09	P010	POIT	P012	P301	P302	P305
CO1	1	2	2		3	1	3	1					2	1	1
CO2	2	1	3	2	1	2	3					1	2	1	1
CO3	1	2	2	2			3	2				2	2	1	1
CO4		2	2	2	1	2	3	2					2	1	1
CO5	1	2	1		1		3					1	2	1	1



Effective from Session: 2020-21									
Course Code CS-310		Title of the Course	OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LAB	L	Т	Р	С		
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	2	1		
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To</li> <li>To</li> <li>To</li> <li>To</li> <li>To</li> </ul>	motivate students to use teach students to setup t teach students to setup t learn using MySql as ar learn PHP as open sour	open source operating systems. heir own Linux server. heir own web server and commands open source database system.	L					

#### Course Outcomes

CO1	Explain common open source licenses and the impact of choosing a license to explain open- source project structure and how to successfully
	set up a project
CO2	Competent with Linux in their systems Install different useful packages in Linux using RPM can Schedule task automatically and run
	administrative commands.
CO3	Able to understand web server easily how to store, process and deliver web pages to the users. How intercommunication is done using by
	variety of available Protocols.
CO4	Analyze the existing design of a database schema and apply concepts of normalization to design an optimal database by formulating complex
	queries in MySQL.
CO5	Design and develop Client Server applications using open source scripting language. Able how to design GUI Applications in open source
	scripting language to evaluate different processes.

S. No.	List of Experiments	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Overview of FOSS & Basic Command interface on Linux	2	1
2	Usage of Basic Linux Commands, File and Folder Management Commands	2	1
3	Learning Network related Command and Administrative Commands	2	1
4	Learning Vi Editor & its Modes and GUI Tools	2	2
5	Learning Shell Script, A Shell Script to demonstrate various control Constructs	2	2
6	A Script to check for a file and directory existence in the file system	2	2
7	A Script to execute different command to demonstrate Switch cases statement	2	3
8	A Script to handle command line argument and other Special symbols	2	3
9	Learn how to Compile, Debug & Execute C, C++ & Java Programming Codes without IDEs.	2	3
10	Learning about LAMP STACK its Installation And Configuration on Linux (Ubuntu) and Perform Post Installation Exercises	2	4
11	Creating simple Database in MySql Server performing queries	2	4
12	Learning A Deep Dive in MySql Server Using PhpMyAdmin Tool for Administering and Monitoring the Database Server, Mysql Admin, Backup and restore, User Account Rights Management	2	4
13	Basics of PHP Web Programming, PHP code to demonstrate the usage of Variable, String, Array and Control Structure	2	4
14	Some Deep Dive in PHP Programming: - A PHP Program to implement customized functions and other Form Handling Strategies	2	5
15	A PHP Program to demonstrate the use of PHP mail () function	2	5
16	Learning Database Connectivity between PHP and MySql, create a login Control for a web page to demonstrate the use of Connectivity and Basic retrieval of data from database	2	5
17	A Mini Project to create a website for University Utilities	2	5
Referen	ce Books:		
e-Lear	ning Source:		

PO-PSO	DO1	DOD	PO3	DO4	PO5	PO6	DO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO	POI	PO2		P04			PO/								
CO1	2	2	3	1					2			3	3	2	
CO2	2	3	3	2					2			1	2	2	
CO3	3	3	2	2		2	3		2			1	1	2	
CO4	2	2	3	2	1	2			2			1	2	1	
CO5	2	2	2	2					2			1			3



Effective from Session: 2020-21													
Course Code	CS-393	Title of the Course	Hadoop Lab	L	Т	Р	С						
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	2	1						
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None										
Course Objectives	To provide an Develop an u To introduce To teach the capability. To enable stu	n overview of an exciting nderstanding of the com- the tools required to ma fundamental technique dents to have skills that	g field of big data analytics and Hadoop. plete open-source Hadoop ecosystem and its near-term futu nage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL MapReduce es and principles in achieving big data analytics with so will help them to solve complex real-world problems in dec	re dire e calabil cision s	ection. ity and support.	stream	ning						

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	To provide an overview of an exciting field of big data analytics and Hadoop									
CO2	Develop an understanding of the complete open-source Hadoop ecosystem and its near-term future direction.									
CO3	To introduce the tools required to manage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL MapReduce									
CO4	To teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.									
CO5	To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems in decision support.									

S. No.	List of Experiments	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Implement the following file management tasks in Hadoop:	2	1
2	<ul> <li>Adding files and directories</li> <li>Retrieving files</li> <li>Deleting files</li> <li>Hint: A typical Hadoop workflow creates data files (such as log files) elsewhere and copies them into HDFS using one of the above command line utilities.</li> </ul>	2	1
3	Install and Run Hive then use Hive to create, load, alter, and drop databases, tables.	2	2
4	Implement Hive Partitioning with data set	2	2
5	Implement Hive bucketing with data set.	2	3
6	Implement sqoop commands	2	3
7	Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce paradigm with data set.	2	4
8	Implement Hbase commands with data set	2	4
9	Install and Run Pig then write Pig Latin scripts to sort, group, join and filter your data	2	5
10	Explore Zookeeper	2	5
11	Explore Ambari	2	5
Referen	ce Books:		
•	IBM Courseware		
•	IBM Courseware		
•	Predictive Analytics Mesmerizing & fascinating by ERIC SIEGEL		
e-Lear	rning Source:		

PO-PSO	DO1	DOJ	DO3	DO4	DO5	DOG	DO7	DOS	DO0	<b>PO10</b>	PO11	DO12	DSO1	DSO2	DSO2
СО		FO2	F05	F04	105	100	10/	108	109	FOID	FOIL	F012	1501	1502	1303
CO1		2				3	2				2	2			
CO2		2	3	2				1	2		2				
CO3	3	2	3	2	2				3		2				
CO4		2	3	3	3		2		2		3	3			
CO5		2	3	3	2		2		2		3	2			